

The Pedagogical Significance of STEAM Toys for Preschoolers

Loy Chee Luen

Sultan Idris Education University Corresponding Author Email: loy.cl@fpm.upsi.edu.my

Yonghong Guo & Lyu Jian

Lishui University, China

To Link this Article: http://dx.doi.org/10.6007/IJARPED/v13-i1/21009

DOI:10.6007/IJARPED/v13-i1/21009

Published Online: 01 March 2024

Abstract

The integration of Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics (STEAM) concepts into early childhood education has become increasingly recognized for its potential to foster holistic development and prepare preschoolers for future academic endeavors. Central to this approach is the selection of appropriate toys that effectively promote STEAM learning while catering to the unique needs and interests of preschoolers. The primary challenge lies in identifying suitable toys that not only align with STEAM principles but also offer meaningful educational experiences for preschoolers. Moreover, understanding the educational significance of STEAM toys in terms of promoting soft skills is essential for educators and parents seeking to enrich early childhood education. This study aims to identify toys conducive to promoting STEAM education in preschool settings and examine their educational significance for preschoolers soft skills. A comprehensive review of academic journals and relevant literature was conducted to identify toys that effectively promote STEAM learning in preschool children. The methodology involved examining the characteristics and educational significant of various toys through a library research approach. The research findings indicate that toys promoting STEAM encompass a wide range of activities, including early science exploration, technology-based play, engineering challenges, artistic expression, and mathematical reasoning. These toys serve as invaluable tools for fostering preschoolers' soft skills includes creativity, stimulating critical thinking, and cultivating problem-solving skills in preschoolers, thereby laying a solid foundation for their future academic and personal development. In conclusion, the integration of STEAM toys into early childhood education offers significant educational benefits, promoting the development of essential soft skills from an early age. Educators and parents are encouraged to incorporate STEAM toys into early childhood environments to provide enriching learning experiences that support holistic development. This study contributes to the understanding of the educational significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers, emphasizing their role in nurturing lifelong learners equipped with essential 21st-century skills.

Keywords: STEAM Toys, Pedagogical Significance, Preschoolers

Introduction

The integration of Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics (STEAM) concepts into early childhood education has gained widespread recognition for its potential to nurture holistic development and equip preschoolers with soft skills for future academic success. At the heart of this pedagogical approach lies the careful selection of toys that not only facilitate play but also serve as effective tools for promoting STEAM learning among preschoolers (Erol & Erol, 2023; Lijuan, 2021). However, amidst the myriad of toys available, the challenge remains in identifying those that align with STEAM principles while offering meaningful educational experiences tailored to the unique needs and interests of preschoolers. Recognizing the significant of STEAM education in early childhood, educators and parents are increasingly seeking ways to enrich the learning experiences of preschoolers through purposeful play. Yet, understanding the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys goes beyond mere entertainment value. These toys play a crucial role in cultivating soft skills such as creativity, critical thinking, and problem-solving, which are fundamental for navigating the complexities of the modern world (Ileri et al., 2023; Mehmet & Erdal, 2023).

In light of these considerations, this study aims to delve into the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers. By identifying toys conducive to promoting STEAM education and examining their educational impact, particularly in fostering soft skills includes creativity, critical thinking, and problem-solving skills, this research seeks to provide insights into effective practices for early childhood education. To achieve this aims, a comprehensive review of academic journals and relevant literature was undertaken, employing a rigorous library research approach. Through the examination of various toys and their characteristics, this study aims to shed light on the educational potential of STEAM toys in preschool settings, thereby informing educators and parents about effective strategies for enriching early childhood education.

Toys as Pedagogical Tools in Preschool

Toys serve as invaluable pedagogical tools in preschool settings, offering preschoolers opportunities for exploration, discovery, and learning through play. From simple building blocks to interactive puzzles and STEAM-focused toys, these playthings play a crucial role in facilitating holistic development and laying the foundation for future academic success. At the heart of using toys as pedagogical tools in preschool is the recognition that play is not just a form of entertainment but also a powerful medium for learning. Through play, preschoolers engage in hands-on experiences that stimulate their soft skills (Lijuan, 2021; Skaraki, 2023; Zerrin & Adalet, 2022; Zhixuan & Chuangyang, 2022).

Moreover, toys provide a concrete way for preschoolers to make sense of abstract concepts and ideas. For instance, pretend play with dolls or action figures allows preschoolers to explore social roles, emotions, and relationships in a safe and supportive environment. Similarly, science kits and experiment-based toys offer opportunities for preschoolers to engage in inquiry-based learning, fostering curiosity and a love for STEAM subjects. Toys are much more than just objects for entertainment, they are powerful pedagogical tools that play a vital role in preschool education. By providing hands-on learning experiences, fostering creativity, critical thinking and problem-solving skills, toys contribute significantly to the holistic development of preschoolers. Thus, incorporating a diverse range of toys into

preschool curriculum ensures engaging and meaningful learning experiences that lay the groundwork for lifelong learning and success (Rachma et al., 2022).

Toys Promoting STEAM

Toys promoting Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics (STEAM) education have emerged as essential tools for fostering holistic development and preparing preschoolers for the challenges of the 21st century. By integrating STEAM concepts into play, these toys offer preschoolers engaging opportunities to explore and interact with early science, technology, engineering, arts, and mathematics concepts in a fun and hands-on manner. In this context, the diverse array of toys promoting STEAM education, focusing on their role in facilitating early science exploration, technological literacy, engineering principles, artistic expression, and mathematical reasoning (Ileri et al., 2023; Rachma et al., 2022; Rafael et al., 2020).

Toys Teach Early Science

Toys play a crucial role in teaching early science exploration to preschoolers, providing them with engaging opportunities to observe, question, and experiment with the natural world around them. By incorporating scientific principles into play, these toys not only stimulate preschoolers' curiosity but also foster foundational skills and knowledge in science from a young age (Honghe et al., 2020).

One example of a toy that teaches early science exploration is a magnifying glass. This simple yet versatile tool allows preschoolers to observe objects up close, encouraging them to investigate details and patterns that may not be visible to the naked eye. Whether examining leaves, insects, or other small objects, preschoolers learn about the concept of magnification and gain an appreciation for the intricate beauty of the world around them. Moreover, magnifying glasses promote scientific inquiry and critical thinking as children formulate questions, make predictions, and draw conclusions based on their observations. Another example of a toy that promotes early science exploration is a basic microscope kit designed for preschoolers. With a microscope, preschoolers can explore the microscopic world, observing tiny organisms, plant cells, and other specimens. Through hands-on exploration, preschoolers learn about the structure and function of living organisms, as well as fundamental concepts such as magnification, focus, and clarity. Microscope kits also encourage scientific investigation and experimentation as children conduct simple experiments and compare different samples under the microscope.

Toys that teach early science exploration provide preschoolers with rich opportunities to develop scientific inquiry skills, critical thinking abilities, and a deep appreciation for the wonders of the natural world. Through hands-on exploration and discovery, children lay the foundation for future learning and develop a lifelong interest in science and discovery.

Toys Teach Early Technology

Toys play a vital role in introducing early technology concepts to preschoolers through technology-based play. These toys provide interactive and hands-on experiences that engage preschoolers in exploring technological principles in a fun and accessible way (Nazir & Nor'Aini, 2021; Papadakis, et al., 2022; Qi et al., 2022). For instance, coding toys such as programmable robots or coding kits offer preschoolers opportunities to learn basic coding

concepts through play. By arranging coding blocks or using simple programming interfaces, preschoolers can instruct robots to move, make sounds, or perform tasks, fostering computational thinking and problem-solving skills. Similarly, electronic building kits allow preschoolers to experiment with circuits, sensors, and motors to create their own electronic devices. Through trial and error, preschoolers learn about electricity, conductivity, and circuitry, developing an understanding of fundamental technological principles. Toys that teach early technology concepts through technology-based play empower preschoolers to become familiar with technological tools and concepts from a young age. By providing hands-on experiences and encouraging exploration and experimentation, these toys lay the foundation for future learning and proficiency in technology-related fields.

Toys Teach Early Engineering

Toys serve as effective educational instruments for instilling early engineering concepts in preschoolers through interactive engineering challenges. These challenges encourage preschoolers to think critically, solve problems, and apply basic engineering principles in enjoyable and interactive ways (Nazir & Nor'Aini, 2021). For example, toys that replicate real-world engineering tasks, such as bridge-building kits or sets for constructing simple machines, provide children with opportunities to tackle engineering challenges in a hands-on manner. By designing and constructing bridges, ramps, or pulley systems, preschoolers gain insights into concepts such as load-bearing, leverage, and mechanical advantage, developing problem-solving skills and spatial reasoning abilities. Toys that introduce early engineering through engineering challenges offer preschoolers engaging experiences that promote soft skills. By participating in these activities, preschoolers develop a foundational understanding of engineering principles and cultivate skills essential for success in STEM fields and beyond.

Toys Teach Early Arts

Toys play a pivotal role in nurturing early artistic expression in preschoolers, providing them with opportunities to explore their creativity, imagination, and self-expression. Through various art-based toys and activities, preschoolers can engage in a range of artistic endeavors, from painting and drawing to sculpting and crafting. Toys that teach early arts through artistic expression offer preschoolers rich and diverse opportunities to explore their creativity, develop their artistic skills, and express themselves in meaningful and personal ways (Habibi, 2023).

For instance, art supplies such as crayons, markers, paints, and clay offer preschoolers the freedom to experiment with colors, textures, and shapes, allowing them to express themselves artistically in a tactile and sensory-rich environment. By manipulating these materials, preschoolers develop fine motor skills, hand-eye coordination, and spatial awareness, while also honing their ability to communicate and express ideas visually. Additionally, toys that encourage imaginative play, such as dress-up costumes, puppet theaters, or storytelling kits, inspire preschoolers to express themselves creatively through dramatic play and storytelling. By assuming different roles, characters, and scenarios, preschoolers develop empathy, social skills, and narrative abilities, while also honing their ability to communicate and express themselves verbally and non-verbally. By engaging in artistic activities, preschoolers develop confidence in their creative abilities and lay the foundation for a lifelong appreciation of the arts.

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ACADEMIC RESEARCH IN PROGRESSIVE EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Vol. 13, No. 1, 2024, E-ISSN: 2226-6348 © 2024

Toys Teach Early Mathematics

Toys are powerful tools for teaching early mathematics concepts and fostering mathematical reasoning skills in preschoolers. Through interactive play, preschoolers can explore mathematical concepts such as counting, sorting, patterns, and spatial relationships in a fun and engaging way. Toys that incorporate measurement and comparison, such as scales, measuring cups, and rulers, allow children to explore concepts related to size, length, weight, and volume (Muntomimah & Wijayanti, 2021).

For example, building blocks and shape-sorting toys help preschoolers develop spatial awareness and geometric understanding. By manipulating blocks and fitting shapes into corresponding slots, preschoolers learn about spatial relationships, symmetry, and basic geometry concepts. These activities encourage hands-on exploration and problem-solving, laying the foundation for more advanced mathematical reasoning. Similarly, toys like counting bears, number puzzles, and abacus sets provide opportunities for preschoolers to practice counting, addition, subtraction, and other basic arithmetic operations. These hands-on activities promote numerical fluency and help preschoolers develop a conceptual understanding of mathematical concepts rather than just memorizing rote procedures. By engaging in hands-on measurement activities, preschoolers develop an understanding of units of measurement and practice estimation and comparison skills.

STEAM Toys and Educational Significance for Preschoolers

STEAM toys hold significant educational value for preschoolers, fostering soft skills such as creativity, critical thinking, and problem-solving. These toys not only entertain but also serve as effective tools for preschoolers holistic development (Habibi, 2023; Honghe et al., 2020; Mehmet & Erdal, 2023; Rachma et al., 2022).

STEAM toys encourage preschoolers to unleash their creativity by providing open-ended opportunities for exploration and expression (Habibi, 2023). For example, building blocks like LEGO sets allow preschoolers to design and construct their own creations, from simple structures to elaborate inventions. By experimenting with different configurations and materials, preschoolers learn to think outside the box, explore innovative solutions, and express their unique ideas through hands-on construction.

STEAM toys promote critical thinking skills by engaging preschoolers in activities that require analysis, evaluation, and decision-making (Mehmet & Erdal, 2023; Siti Muntomimah & Rina Wijayanti, 2021). For instance, puzzle toys like tangrams or shape-sorting games. These toys challenge preschoolers to observe patterns, identify relationships, and strategize to solve problems. As preschoolers manipulate shapes and pieces to fit specific criteria, they develop logical reasoning skills, spatial awareness, and the ability to approach challenges systematically.

STEAM toys provide preschoolers with opportunities to develop problem-solving skills through interactive play (Mehmet & Erdal, 2023). Robotics kits, such as programmable robots or coding toys, offer children the chance to tackle real-world challenges by programming robots to complete tasks or navigate obstacles. By experimenting with sequences of commands and troubleshooting errors, preschoolers learn perseverance, resilience, and effective problem-solving strategies in a supportive and engaging environment. STEAM toys

play a crucial role in supporting preschoolers' educational development by fostering soft skills. Through hands-on exploration and experimentation, preschoolers not only acquire foundational knowledge in STEAM but also develop the essential skills and attitudes needed for success in school and beyond.

Pedagogical Significance of STEAM Toys in Early Childhood Education

The pedagogical significance of STEAM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics) toys in early childhood education lies in their ability to facilitate holistic development and lay the foundation for lifelong learning (Zhixuan & Chuangyang, 2022; Rachma et al., 2022). These toys serve as powerful educational tools that promote inquiry-based learning, critical thinking, and problem-solving skills in preschoolers includes (i) Encouraging exploration and inquiry, (ii) Fostering critical thinking and problem-solving, (iii) Integrating multidisciplinary learning, and (iv) Promoting collaborative learning.

(i) Encouraging exploration and inquiry

STEAM toys engage preschoolers in hands-on exploration and inquiry, encouraging them to ask questions, make observations, and seek answers. For example, building blocks and construction sets prompt preschoolers to experiment with different structures and designs, fostering curiosity and exploration of engineering principles. Similarly, science kits and art materials provide opportunities for preschoolers to conduct experiments, make discoveries, and express their creativity.

(ii) Fostering critical thinking and problem-solving

STEAM toys promote critical thinking and problem-solving skills by presenting preschoolers with challenges that require logical reasoning and strategic thinking. Puzzle toys, such as tangrams or shape-sorting games, encourage preschoolers to analyze patterns, identify relationships, and develop solutions to problems. Coding toys and robotics kits challenge preschoolers to program robots to perform specific tasks, requiring them to plan, sequence, and debug algorithms.

(iii) Integrating multidisciplinary learning

STEAM toys integrate multiple disciplines, allowing children to explore connections between different areas of knowledge. For instance, art-based toys like color mixing sets or pattern blocks combine artistic expression with mathematical concepts such as symmetry and geometry. Similarly, engineering toys like marble runs or simple machines kits blend principles of physics and design with hands-on construction.

(iv) Promoting collaborative learning

STEAM toys facilitate collaborative learning experiences, encouraging preschoolers to work together, communicate ideas, and solve problems as a team. Cooperative activities, such as building structures with peers or designing collaborative art projects, foster social skills, communication skills, and teamwork.

The pedagogical significance of STEAM toys in early childhood education lies in their ability to engage preschoolers in meaningful learning experiences that promote inquiry, critical thinking, interdisciplinary learning, and collaboration. By incorporating STEAM concepts into

play, these toys not only prepare preschoolers for academic success but also nurture a love for learning and exploration that lasts a lifetime.

Conclusion and Recommendations

The following section comprises the conclusion and recommendations regarding the pedagogical importance of STEAM toys for preschoolers.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers is undeniable. These educational tools play a crucial role in fostering holistic development by promoting inquiry-based learning, creativity, critical thinking, and problem solving collaboration. Through hands-on exploration and interdisciplinary play, STEAM toys provide children with meaningful and engaging learning experiences that lay the foundation for lifelong learning. Moving forward, it is essential for educators and parents to recognize the importance of integrating STEAM toys into early childhood education curricula and home environments. By doing so, we can empower preschoolers to develop soft skills and attitudes needed to thrive in an ever-evolving world.

Recommendations

Recommendations for leveraging the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers include (i) Integration into curriculum, (ii) Professional development, (iii) Parental engagement, (iv) Diverse selection, and (v) Assessment and evaluation.

(i) Integration into curriculum. Education providers should embed STEAM toys and activities into the early childhood education curriculum to ensure consistent exposure to hands-on learning experiences. By incorporating STEAM principles into lesson plans and learning objectives, educators can promote inquiry-based exploration and interdisciplinary learning from an early age.

(ii) Professional development. Educators should receive training and professional development opportunities to effectively utilize STEAM toys in the classroom, fostering soft skills among preschoolers. Early childhood educational centre should offer professional development opportunities for educators focused on STEAM education and the effective use of STEAM toys in the classroom. Workshops, seminars, and training sessions can provide educators with the necessary knowledge, skills, and strategies to integrate STEAM principles into their teaching practices and enhance preschoolers learning outcomes.

(iii) Parental engagement. Encourage parental involvement in preschoolers' learning by providing resources, workshops, and informational sessions on the importance of STEAM education and the role of STEAM toys in early childhood development. Early childhood educational centre can also facilitate parent-child STEAM activities and events to promote collaborative learning experiences and strengthen the home-school connection.

(iv) Diverse selection. Ensure access to a wide range of STEAM toys that cater to diverse interests, preferences, and learning styles of preschoolers. Early childhood educational centre and educational providers should curate a diverse selection of toys and materials encompassing various STEAM disciplines, including science kits, building blocks, art supplies,

coding toys, and more. Offering a diverse array of options allows preschooler to explore their interests and engage in meaningful learning experiences.

(v) Assessment and evaluation. Implement methods to assess and evaluate the impact of STEAM toys and activities on preschoolers' learning outcomes and development. This may include observations, informal assessments, and documentation of preschoolers' engagement, problem-solving abilities, and critical thinking skills during STEAM-related activities. Regular assessment and evaluation provide valuable feedback to educators, helping them tailor instruction and support individual student needs effectively.

By implementing these recommendations, educators and parents can maximize the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers, providing them with enriching learning interest and experiences encompass a diverse range of activities and passions pursued by individuals to acquire knowledge and skills. The conclusion and recommendations for the pedagogical significance of STEAM toys for preschoolers emphasize their vital role in fostering soft skills, holistic development and preparing preschoolers for future academic success.

References

- Erol, M., & Erol, A. (2023). Reflections of STEAM education on children according to early childhood and primary school teachers. *International Journal on Social and Education Sciences (IJonSES)*, 5(3), 493-506. https://doi.org/10.46328/ijonses.507
- Habibi, M. M. (2023). The effect of the STEAM method on children's creativity. *Jurnal Penelitian Pendidikan IPA*, 9(1), 315-321. https://doi.org/10.29303/jppipa.v9i1.2378
- Honghe, G., Xiaocheng, X., & Jinhua, F. (2020). Design of popular science toys based on children's growth cognition law. *E3S Web of Conferences*, 179, 02024. https://doi.org/10.1051/e3sconf/202017902024
- Ileri, C. I., Ersan, M., Kalaca, D., Coskun, A., Goksun, T., & Kuntay, A. C. (2023) Malleability of spatial skills: bridging developmental psychology and toy design for joyful STEAM development. *Front. Psychol*, 14:1137003. https://doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2023.1137003
- Lijuan, L. (2021). Research on design method of children's teaching assisted toys based on STEAM education. *Open Journal of Social Sciences*, 9, 628-635. https://www.scirp.org/journal/jss
- Mehmet, B., & Erdal, B. (2023). The effect of project-based STEAM activities on the social and cognitive skills of preschool children. *Early Child Development and Care*, 193, 5, 679–697. https://doi.org/10.1080/03004430.2022.2146682
- Amir, N., & Abdullah, N. A. B. (2021). 'Dancing dolls in resonance': A simple design-and-make STEAM toy project to promote student interest and engagement in physics. *Physics Education*, 56, 025022. https://doi.10.1088/1361-6552/abcf0f
- Papadakis, S., Kalogiannakis, M., & Gozum, A. I. C. (2022). Editorial: STEM, STEAM, computational thinking, and coding: Evidence-based research and practice in children's development. *Front. Psychol.*, 13, 1110476. http://doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2022.1110476
- Rachma, H., Ruqoyyah, F., & Utari, D. (2022). STEAM-Based learning media: Assisting in developing children's skills. Jurnal Obsesi: Jurnal Pendidikan Anak Usia Dini, 6 (6), 6863-6876. http://doi: 10.31004/obsesi.v6i6.3560

- Ellis-Rech, R., Erica, S., Lee, E. S., Wood, N. J., & Gregg, S. O. (2020). Interactive STEAM education for children: Ball Wall Interactive Qualifying Project (IQP). *Project Report*. Worcester Polytechnic Institute. https://digitalcommons.wpi.edu/iqp-all/5706
- Skaraki, E. (2023). Creating a water mill through STEAM activities for preschool children in the school yard. *Advances in Mobile Learning Educational Research*, 3(2), 748-753.
- Zerrin, M., & Adalet, K. (2022). The effect of the Early STEAM Education Program on the visual-spatial reasoning skills of children: Research from Turkey. *Education*, 3-13https://doi.org/10.1080/03004279.2022.2075906
- Zhixuan, Z., & Chuangyang, H. (2022). Design of educational toys for children based on STEAM education. Scientific Journal of Intelligent Systems Research, 4 (5), 666-669.