

Commitment and Responsibilities of Medic in Ray Errors and Errors Beauty

Ghobad Naderi

Department of law, Payam noor University, Kermanshah, Iran

Qaeme Naderi

Department of law, Khoramabad branch, Islamic Azad University, Khoramabad, Iran

Abstract

Obligations the physician in medical treatment discussion is very extensive, that we just here, discuss it in two cases. In this study, first of ray error are discussed. Irradiation from medical devices which is to discover and treat diseases and here's the physician responsibility in this case we examine. And in the second topic of discussed is beauty surgeries and responsibility and obligation of the physician we examines the in the effect of the error. So the physician commitment ie in principle attention and diligence in the way of healing the patients But should diagnosed the type and scope of this attention.

Introduction

Some of technical medical obligations and some other associated with the general obligations of doctors. In other words, the doctor sometimes civil liability for non-compliance of technical and occupational standards and sometimes for non-compliance of public issues and humanitarian between doctor and patient each of which of the above topics separately wants time alone. In this topic of medical commitments associated with technical and scientific principles the use of expert opinions that we examined.

A) Radiation Errors

Radiation from medical devices for discover and treat the diseases and in internal medicine and surgeries is major importance for identify the other hand also take a big risk. To sum, experts rays, since certain acceptable amount of radiation are not harmful ray diffraction and it can't be never be considered harmless practice but in each case the profit and loss account for the patient and informed decision and take caution and sufficient accuracy Means of health the devices to ensure and only if it can be used when photograph and appropriate radiographs.

The physician should be careful about the effects of radiation on the patient's body. And if the observed traces of burns and other unusual effects, stop taking immediately to radiation.

Works is considered radiology medical of operations and the same general rules that also applied radiologists are the responsibility of the current clinicians. Because the radiologist to

fixed principles and technical ignorance of his career and lack of application of these principles, led to responsibility is his.

In such cases, the matter should be reference to specialists for treatment as to whether radiation therapy is beneficial? Does the physician to properly use the radiation or not? And Does the indiscretions and carelessness and negligence are found or not?

B) Errors Beauty

Cosmetic Surgery in case immemorial times it was known the primary, and with advances surgical therapies in Europe and America by the great surgeons aesthetic surgery has also progressed.

In our country, tens of thousands of patients annually burned, wounded and disabled persons car accidents and work-related incidents and natural events, and conflict the like, by reconstructive surgeons and plastic treatment and are acceptable for the community.

So one of the basic conditions for Allow surgery, the legitimacy and purpose and intention is to cure the patient, therefore on the one hand, it seems that aesthetic surgery is absolutely Unauthorized; Because purpose of it is spent on beauty treatments. In the holy traditions also changes in divine creation is prohibited. Because is not purpose of its treatment (Daluz, 1919). Before the protest must be reminded, which is difficult the interface between what is called surgical cure and cosmetic surgery made a difference.

Talk about the Lack of justifiability the great jurists are linked, but it is necessary to know, that during 8 years of war, according to existing Statistics Internal offices, hospitals and martyr Organization and the Organization for Islamic Revolution veterans many thousands of wounded warriors use the result of the efforts of many specialists radiologists have.

Cosmetic Surgery in Germany is absolutely allowed, in England, according to the principle that every action that damaged satisfaction formal ban does not have authorized(Johari ,1972).

In France at the beginning looked aesthetic surgery of this vision. That is tool for gratification of lust and seduction as Cute and women, therefore doubts were watching even the court of Appeals (Elementary) voted for Paris in 1913, that only action on undergoing beauty of treatment is errors and doctors must pay for all losses resulting from the treatment to validity of this general rules, the only treatment is surgery that purpose it knows permissible (Garsun, 1923).

Discussion

Permissible and non-permissible surgery is divided into two parts and when permissible is aesthetic surgery that there is a healing element and between degree of defect. That person suffering makes it complaint stated and the danger they are exposed to it there is

proportionality, and if there is no suitability between risk and about the results expected or surgery is performed without the patient's informed consent is a penal and civil responsibility.

So, commitment plastic and reconstructive surgery like other physicians is an obligation to caring for the patient therefore, due to the particular circumstances governing the this type of surgery and high wages for performing the surgery and the patient's mental status commitment scope of cosmetic surgery is very heavy and it seems that in this field "dedication to the care and performing authority" has become to "a commitment to treatment and get results."

Acknowledgement

I thank Mr. Alireza shakarbeigi and Amir Ahmadi deeply grateful which I have contributed to the article publication and I wished them health.

References

1. Dalvz, J.(1919), p. 12, Paris. Quoting from Doctor Al -Johari, Al-msvlyat Al-Tbybae(responsible physician), Footer Pp.32.
2. Johari, M. (1972) Medical Responsibility in the Egyptian penal code, Tehran, pp. 321.
3. Garsun, (1923) Journal of Legal Medicine, pp. 717, Doctor Al -Johari Quoted in the Book: Al -Johari, Al-msvlyat Al-tbybae(responsible physician) p 321.